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I claim:

- A method of producing optical emissions from a target source, comprising the steps of: forming a metallic solution at room temperature;
 passing the metallic solution into a target source; and
- irradiating the target source with a high energy source to produce optical emissions that are debris free and cannot cause debris damage to surrounding components.
 - 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the high energy source includes: a laser source.
- 10 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the optical emissions include: X-rays.
 - 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the optical emissions include: EUV(extreme ultraviolet) wavelength emissions.
- 15 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the optical emissions include: XUV wavelength emissions.
 - 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of passing includes: forming microscopic droplets.
 - 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the microscopic droplets each include: diameters of approximately 30 micrometers to approximately 90 micrometers.
 - 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the microscopic droplets each include: diameters of approximately 40 micrometers to approximately 80 micrometers.
 - 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the metallic solution includes:

a metallic chloride solutions.

The method of claim 7, wherein the metallic chloride solution includes: 10. ZnCl(zinc chloride).

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The method of claim 7, wherein the metallic chloride solution includes: 11. CuCl(copper chloride).

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The method of claim 7, wherein the metallic chloride solution includes: 12. SnCl(tin chloride).

The method of claim 7, wherein the metallic chloride solution includes: 13. AlCl(aluminum chloride).

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14. The method of claim 1, wherein the metallic solution includes: a metallic bromide solution.

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The method of claim 14, wherein the metallic bromide solution includes: 15. CuBr(copper bromide).

The method of claim 14, wherein the metallic bromide solution includes: 16. ZnBr(zinc bromide).

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The method of claim 14, wherein the metallic bromide solution includes: 17. SnBr(tin bromide).

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The method of claim 1, wherein the metallic solution includes:

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- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the metallic sulphate solution includes: CuSO4(copper sulphate).
- 20. The method of claim 18, wherein the metallic sulphate solution includes: ZnSO4(zinc sulphate).
- The method of claim 18, wherein the metallic sulphate solution includes:

 SnSO4(tin sulphate).
 - 22. The method of claim 1, wherein the metallic solution includes: a metallic nitrate solution.
 - 23. The method of claim 22, wherein the metallic nitrate solution includes: CuNO3(copper nitrate).
 - 24. The method of claim 22, wherein the metallic nitrate solution includes: ZnNO3(zinc nitrate).
 - 25. The method of claim 22, wherein the metallic nitrate solution includes: SnNO3(tin nitrate).
 - 26. The method of claim 1, wherein the room temperature includes: approximately 10 degrees C to approximately 30 degrees C.
 - 27. The method of claim 1, wherein the optical emissions include:

approximately 13nm.

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29. The method of claim 1, wherein the metallic solution includes: an organo-metallic solution.

The method of claim 29, wherein the organo-metallic solution includes: 30.

The method of claim 1, wherein the optical emissions include:

10 CHBr3(Bromoform).

> The method of claim 29, wherein the organo-metallic solution includes: 31.

CH2I2(Diodomethane).

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32. The method of claim 1, wherein the metallic solution includes:

SeO2(Selenium Dioxide).

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The method of claim 1, wherein the metallic solution includes:

ZnBr2 (Zinc Dibromide).

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A method of generating optical emissions from metallic point sources, comprising the 34. steps of:

forming microscopic liquid metal droplets at room temperature without heating the droplets;

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passing the droplets into individual target sources;

irradiating the individual target sources with a laser beam having substantially identical diameter to each of the individual droplets; and

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producing optical emissions from the irradiated target sources without debris damage to surrounding components.

- 35. The method of claim 34, wherein each of the microscopic liquid metal droplets include: metallic chloride solutions.
- 36. The method of claim 34, wherein each of the microscopic liquid metal droplets include: metallic bromide solutions.
- 10 37. The method of claim 34, wherein each of the microscopic liquid metal droplets include: metallic sulphate solutions.
 - 38. The method of claim 34, wherein each of the microscopic liquid metal droplets include: metallic nitrate solutions.
 - 39. The method of claim 34, wherein each of the microscopic liquid metal droplets include: an organo-metallic solution.
 - 40. The method of claim 34, wherein the room temperature includes: approximately 10 degrees to approximately 30 degrees C.
 - 41. The method of claim 34, wherein the optical emissions include: approximately 11.7nm.
- 25 42. The method of claim 34, wherein the optical emissions include: approximately 13nm.